## PHYTOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF STEM BARK EXTRACTS OF PTEROCARPUS MILDBRAEDII (HARMS) USING ADVANCED GAS-CHROMATOGRAPHY-MASS SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES

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## **ABSTRACT**

Since time immemorial, man utilized herbs for their medicinal and nutritive value. Traditionally, the stem bark extract of Pterocarpus mildbraedii are used in the treatment of Malaria and digestive disorder in some West African countries including Nigeria. They are believed to possess anti-inflammatory and antioxidant as well as anti-microbial properties. This research aims to phyto-chemically characterize the Ethyl-Acetate stem bark extract of Pterocarpus mildbraedii using GC-MS (Model-QP 2010 Plus Spec). Phyto-compounds were identified using NIST Ver. 2.0 Year 2005 Library. The recorded bioactivity were based on Dr Duke's Phytochemical and ethno-botanical databases. The GC-MS identified Phyto-chemical principles such as Triacetin, Dodecanoic acid, Isoelemicin, n-Hexadecanioc acid, 9, 12-Octadecadienoic acid, Oleic acid and Stigmasterol. Presence of these bioactive phyto-compounds can serve as a finger print for extended research.

**Keywords:** Pterocarpus mildbraedii, GC-MS, Phytochemical, anti-oxidant, anti-microbial, anti-inflammatory.